

5. *T. s. atrogularis* (Eyton): Malacca.

(synonym *T. s. interrumpens* Robinson and Baker: Kossoom, (Ban Krasom) Pen. Siam).

Character—A brownish race, fairly heavily patterned in the females but not in the males. Less red than *pallescens*, less grey than *thai*.

Range—Malay States and Peninsular Siam, north to the Isthmus of Kra; extreme southern Tenasserim (Bankasoon.).

I agree with Diegnan that birds from Peninsular Siam lack the greyness typical of *thai* and cannot be separated from those of the Malay States.

Zoological Results of the 'Daily Mail' Himalayan Expedition 1954. Two New Birds from Khumbu, Eastern Nepal¹

by Dr. BISWAMOY BISWAS

Received 12th April, 1955

As a member of the Himalayan Expedition organized by the "Daily Mail" of London during January–June 1954, I had the opportunity to make a small collection of birds in high altitudes of Khumbu, eastern Nepal (*ca.* 10,000 to 19,000 ft.) in the vicinity of Mount Everest. A preliminary study of the collection has revealed the presence of two birds so far not known to science. As the detailed report on the collection will take some time to appear, they are herein described.

Thanks are due to the authorities of the Bombay Natural History Society for affording me facilities to compare my material with theirs.

Troglodytes troglodytes kinneari new subspecies

Type: Z.S.I. Reg. No. 27490; adult male; Thammu (*ca.* 12,500 ft.), Bhote Kosi Valley, Khumbu, Nepal; 7 March, 1954; B. Biswas collector. Deposited in the Zoological Survey of India, Indian Museum, Calcutta.

Description: This subspecies is characterized by being the darkest of all the known Himalayan races of the species. In addition, it differs from the adjacent *nepalensis* by having the tail and bill longer, and in the reduction of the loreal spots; and from *tibetana* by having the wing and tail shorter, and by being rufous (not grey) on the underside.

MEASUREMENTS (in millimeters):

		Wing	Tail	Bill from skull
<i>T. t. kinneari</i>	1♂ (TYPE)	54	34	15
<i>T. t. nepalensis</i>	3♂	50, 52, 53	30, 31, 32	13, 14, —
(Darjeeling Dist. & Sikkim. Alt. : 9,000–12,000 ft.)	3♀ 1—	48, 49, 50 49.5	29.5, 30, 31 30	13, 13.5, 14 14
<i>T. t. tibetana</i>	*1— (TYPE)	59.5	38	

(Khamba Dzong,
Tibet. Alt. :? 15,000ft.)

*Approximate measurements. *Ex* Walton, Bull.B.O.C. 15;93, 1905—given in inches.

RANGE: Khumbu, eastern Nepal.

REMARKS: Kinnear (*Ibis* (11)4: 506, 1922) in his report on the collection of birds made by the First Mt. Everest Expedition from Tibet, in an area across the Himalaya to the north-east of the present working zone, rightly remarked on the single immature specimen that "it is very much darker than *T. nipalensis* of about the same age, and without doubt belongs to an undescribed form."

This new wren is named for Sir Norman Kinnear who has been associated with Indian Ornithology for a very long time and who first recognized the distinctness of this bird.

Parus dichrous izzardii, new subspecies.

TYPE: Z.S.I. Reg. No. 27491; adult male; Thammu (ca. 12,000 ft.), Bhothe Kosi Valley, Khumbu, Nepal; 2 April, 1954; B. Biswas collector. Deposited in the Zoological Survey of India, Indian Museum, Calcutta.

DESCRIPTION: Similar to nominate *dichrous* of Darjeeling and Sikkim, but has a darker grey on the upper side, brown on head restricted to the extreme forehead, brown deeper on the upper side, and a much longer tail. Differs from *kangrae* (Whistler, *Bull. Brit. Orn. Cl.*, 53: 20-21, 1932) of the western Himalaya in being much darker and purer grey on the upper side, and in having a much longer tail.

MEASUREMENTS:

		Wing	Tail	Bill from skull
<i>P. d. izzardii</i>	1♂ (TYPE)	74	51	—
<i>P. d. dichrous</i> (Darjeeling Dist. & Sikkim)	3♂	70, 71, 71	46, 48, 48	11, 11, 11
	1♀	67	47	—
<i>P. d. kangrae</i> (W. Himalaya)	1♂	73	46	11
	2♀	66, 68	43, 46	11, 11
	* 5♂	67.5-71	45.5-47	10.5-11
	* 5♀	65.5-67.5	43-46.5	11.5-12

* *ex Whistler (op. cit., p. 21).*

RANGE: Khumbu, eastern Nepal.

REMARKS: Blyth (*J. Asiat. Soc. Bengal*, 13: 943, 1844) in his description of *Parus dichrous* from Hodgson's specimen taken in "Nepal, the Cachar" region, gave the colour of the upper parts as "uniform brownish-grey" and not pure grey. The type locality of *P. d. dichorus* may now be fixed in the high altitude areas of north-central Nepal.

This new tit is named for my friend Mr. Ralph Izzard, the chief organizer of the Expedition.

On the Type-Localities of *Gallirex porphyreolophus* (Vigors), 1831

by Mr. P. A. CLANCEY

Received 29th April, 1955.

In the "Proceedings of the Zoological Society of London", 1830-1831, part 1, pp. 92-93, it is recorded that "Mr. N. A. Vigors exhibited a collection of African Birds which had been presented to the Society by